2011 MANIPUR POPULATION DESCRIPTION

Manipur is one of the states in India with a population of **2855794**. There are 9 districts, 38 Taluks, **2582** villages and 58 towns in Manipur. As per the Census India 2011, Manipur has 557859 households, population of 2855794 of which 1438586 are males and 1417208 are females. The population of children between the ages 0-6 is 375357 which is 13.14% of the total population.

The sex-ratio of Manipur state is around 985 compared to 943 which is the national average of India. The literacy rate of Manipur state is 66.83% out of which 72.28% males are literate and 61.29% females are literate. The total area of Manipur is 22327 sq.km with population density of 128 per sq.km.

Out of the total population, 70.79% of the population lives in Urban areas and 29.21% lives in Rural areas. There are 3.41% Scheduled Caste (SC) and 40.88% Scheduled Tribe (ST) of total population in Manipur. [https://www.censusindia2011.com/manipur-population.html]

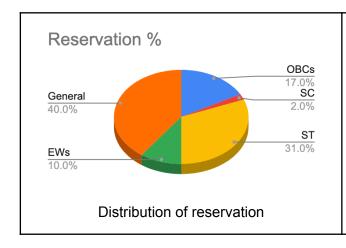
POPULATION and RESERVATIONS

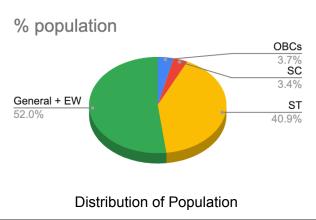
TOLATION BITCH RESERVATIONS						
Central OBC List in Manipur (Hणपुर केंद्रीय अन्य पिछड़ा वर्ग सूची) https://hindi.uzabnet.com/manipur-caste-list/#OBC Caste List in Manipur https://www.newfeatureblog.com/manipur-caste-list-sc-st-obc/ http://www.ncbc.nic.in/User Panel/GazetteResolution.aspx?Value=mPlCjsL1aLvc9RSFjECBJsySVMNL%2fj3SITZxNk74eWEEOQlqqqEULrSHI3pgnleM	https://socialjustice.gov.in/common/76750 https://socialjustice.gov.in/public/ckeditor/upload/83831676958183.pdf https://www.apnalohara.com/manipur-caste-list/ This is perhaps not a complete list, missing Andro, Sekmai, Kakching. VERIFY.	Scheduled Tribe (ST) List in Manipur (मणिपुर अनुसूचित जनजाति सूची) https://www.newfeatureblog.com/mani pur-caste-list-sc-st-obc/				
 Badi (Nepali), Damai (Nepali), Gainay (Nepali), Kami (Nepali) and Sarki (Nepali) (who have been living in Manipur as members of the domiciled community since the 9th July 1947 and their descendants) Meitei, Meetei (including Meitei Brahmin, Meitei/Meetei Sanamahi and Rajkumar) Meitei Pangal Teli (who have been domiciled in Manipur for 10 years, and their descendents) 	 Dhupi, Dhobi Lois Muchi, Ravida Namasudra Patni Sutradhar Yaithibi 	1. Aimol 2. Anal 3. Angami 4. Chiru 5. Chothe 6. Gangte 7. Hmar 8. Kabui 9. Kacha Naga 10. Koirao 11. Koireng 12. Kom 13. Lamgang 14. Mizo 15. Lushai 16. Maram 17. Maring 18. Mao 19. Monsang 20. Moyon 21. Paite 22. Ralte 23. Sema 24. Simte 25. Suhte 26. Tangkhul 27. Thadou 28. Vaiphei 29. Zou 30. Poumei Naga 31. Tarao 32. Kharam 33. any kuki tribes 34. Mate				

S.N.	Category Name	Population in 2011 (total 2,855,794)	% population	Reservation %
1.	OBCs	97,328 *	3.7%	17%
2.	SC	97,382	3.41%	2%
3.	ST	11,67,448	40.88%	31%
4.	EWs			10%
5.	General **		52.1%	40%
6.	General + OBC + EWs		55.71%	73%

OBCs = Outer Backward Classes; ST = Scheduled Tribes; SC = Scheduled Tribe; EWs = Economically weaker Sections

- * https://socialjustice.gov.in/writereaddata/UploadFile/58421681720758.pdf page 209
- ** https://allcastelist.com/wp-content/uploads/2022/02/All-India-General-Caste-List-By.docx.pdf





PLAN OF ACTION w.r.t. 2023 Manipur ethnic clash

Manipur Land reform act 1960 (art. 371C):

https://www.indiacode.nic.in/handle/123456789/1531?sam_handle=123456789/1362] https://www.indiacode.nic.in/show-data?actid=AC_CEN_18_21_00002_196033_1517807318501&orderno=11

- Do any non tribe including the Manipur govt have to seek permission from tribal committee for entering the hills?
 - Neither the Govt of Manipur nor the hill tribes have absolute authority over the hills (and by extension the valley?) Govt of Manipur has to seek permission from President (Govt of India). [The Manipur Land Revenue and Land Reforms Act, 1960. **Section 11 (1):** Title of Government to lands, etc. **see below**].
- In order to avoid the Koubru (?) incident, the govt of Manipur should declare our major historically related locations as sacred places of worship. Perhaps the WMC can file a petition for all major historical + religious locations in the state.
- Tribals are afraid of the Land reform act 1960 because it has many grey areas favouring the state unlike other states where the tribal lands are absolutely owned by the tribes. Technically, in Manipur if the tribal MLAs agree that non-tribal can purchase land in the hills, the law allows it (it says 'if their legislatures allow') i.e., if their MLAs agree, they can sell land to others [The Manipur Land Revenue and Land Reforms Act, 1960. Section 20 (1 and 2): Diversion of land, etc. see below]. This is why tribal MLAs are always at the forefront of tribal fights.

The Manipur Land Revenue and Land Reforms Act, 1960. Section 11 (3): Title of Government to lands, etc.

(3) Where any property or any right in or over any property is claimed by or on behalf of the Government or by any person as against the Government and the claim is disputed, such dispute shall be decided by the deputy commissioner whose order shall subject to the provisions of the Act, be final.

The Manipur Land Revenue and Land Reforms Act, 1960. Section 20 (1 and 2): Diversion of land.

- (1) If any person holding land for any purpose wishes to divert such land or any part thereof to any other purpose except agriculture, he shall apply for permission to the competent authority which may, subject to the provisions of this section and to the rules made under this Act, refuse permission or grant it on such conditions as it may think fit.
- (2) Permission to divert may be refused by the competent authority <u>only</u> on the ground that the diversion is likely to cause a public nuisance or that it is not in the interest of the general public or that the holder is unable or unwilling to comply with the conditions that may be imposed under sub-section (3).

Land pattas:

hard and/or digital copies with the Manipur govt?
For the valley there are hard copies of land patta, for the hills no.
Start digitization of land pattas → govt Manipur project

• **SC and OBC status:** Both require a 'FORM OF CASTE CERTIFICATE' declaration.

https://socialjustice.gov.in/common/76750 https://socialjustice.gov.in/public/ckeditor/upload/94911672891518.pdf